









SAGES Patient forum, 2018 Medication for IBD: what's new...?

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Disclosures

Prof. Lindsay has:

- Served as consultant and an advisory board participant for AbbVie,
 Actavis (Warner Chilcott), Atlantic Healthcare, Celtrion, Ferring, GSK,
 Janssen, MSD, Napp, Pfizer, Shire, Takeda and Vifor Pharma
- Received speaker fees and sponsorship to attend academic meetings from AbbVie, Actavis (Warner Chilcott), Ferring, Janssen, MSD, Shire and Takeda and Tillotts
- Received investigator led research grants from Hospira, Shire and Takeda

Medication for IBD: what's new

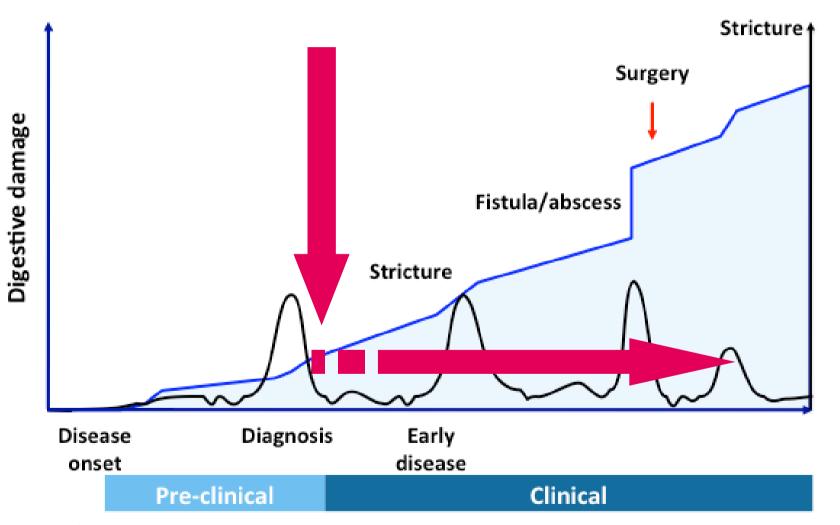
What will we cover: new concepts...

New concepts...

- ...in disease course and progression
- ...in the evolving therapeutic landscape
- ...in organization of medical care
- ...in using technology to enhance patient care

New concepts in disease course

Crohn's disease is a progressive disease



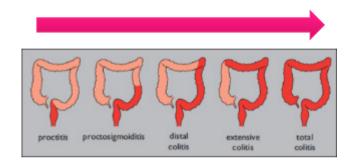
Inflammatory activity

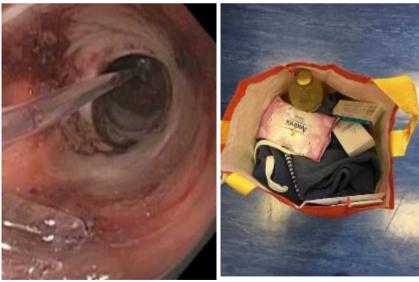
(CDAI, CDEIS, CRP)

IBD, inflammatory bowel disease; CD, Crohn's disease; UC, ulcerative colitis. Bernklev T, et al. Inflamm Bowel Dis 2005;11:909–18. Pariente B, et al. Inflammatory Bowel Disease 2011;17:1415–22.

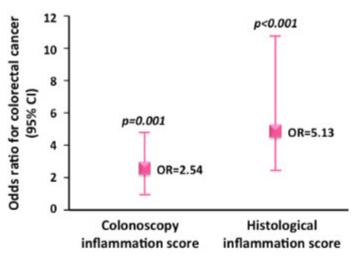
New concepts in disease course

UC is a progressive disease with an impact on QoL





Images provided by the author, with patient consent.







ORs for colorectal cancer are for each 1-point increase in inflammation score



Treatment goals have changed and will continue to do so...

Need to achieve a pre-determined target within the appropriate timeframe

Symptomatic benefit

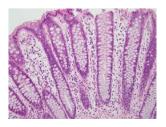
Steroid-free remission







Mucosal healing

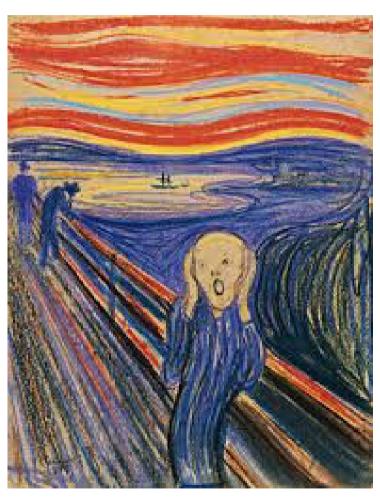


Histological remission



Reduced hospitalisation and surgery

Treatment needs to extend beyond gut inflammation...

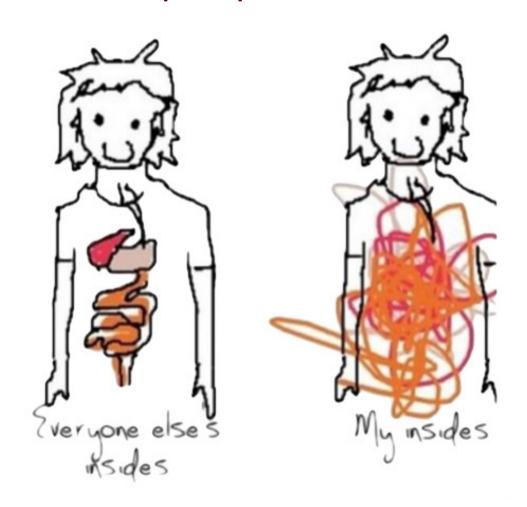


- Impact of disease on all aspects of life
 - Work / family / social life
 - Psychological impact of chronic disease
 - Nutrition and food related QoL
- Inflammatory *vs* non inflammatory symptoms
 - Immunosupressants do not treat IBS
 - Inappropriately targeted treatments risk side effects with no benefit
 - Research into treatments for the 'non inflammatory' symptoms
 - FINS
 - FODMAP
 - Fatigue

FINS, faecal incontinence intervention study; FODMAP, fermentable, oligosaccharides, disaccharides, monosaccharides and polyols; IBS, irritable bowel syndrome; QoL, quality of life

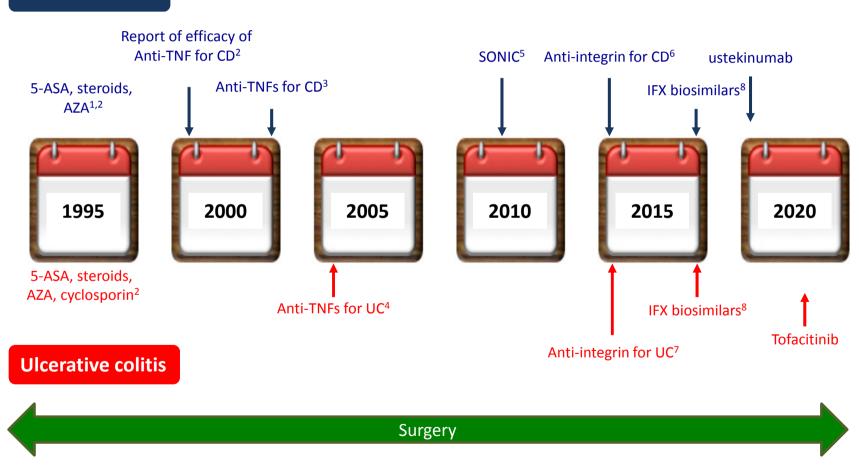
Treatment needs to extend beyond gut inflammation...

Patient perspective is crucial



Drug choices are increasing and this will continue...

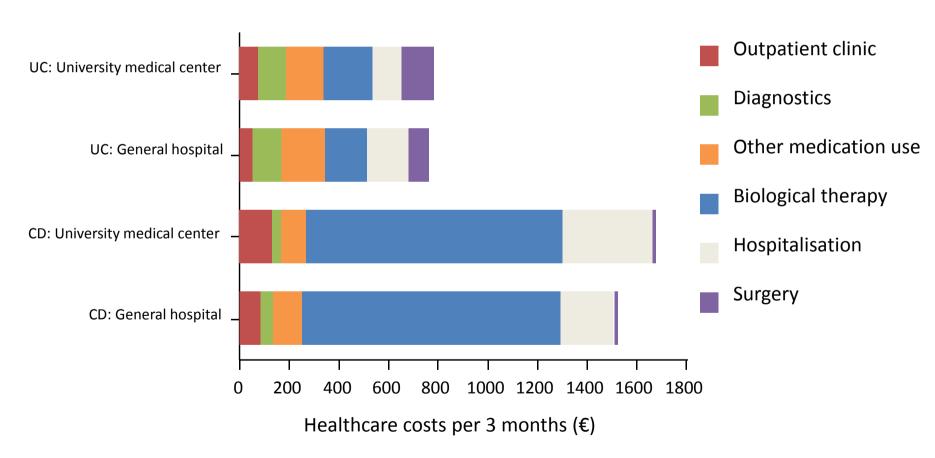
Crohn's disease



1. Mulder DJ, et al. J Crohns Colitis. 2014;8:341–8; 2. Botoman VA, et al. Am Fam Physician. 1998;57:57–68; 3. NICE TA40. 2002. Available at: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta40. Accessed: 23 May 2016; 4. FDA. Approval of biologics license application for infliximab in moderately to severely active UC. Available at: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta352. Accessed: 23 May 2016; 5. Oclombel JF, et al. N Engl J Med. 2010;362:1383–95; 6. NICE TA352. 2015. Available at: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta329. Accessed: 23 May 2016; 7. NICE TA352. 2015. Available at: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta329. Accessed: 23 May 2016; 8. NICE technology appraisal adoption-support-for-introducing-biosimilar-versions-of-infliximab-inflectra-and-remsima-63998081845. Accessed: 23 May 2016.

Drug costs are increasing and this will continue...

Healthcare costs of IBD: Results from the COIN study (1315 CD patients and 937 UC patients)



Don't be afraid to move with the times...

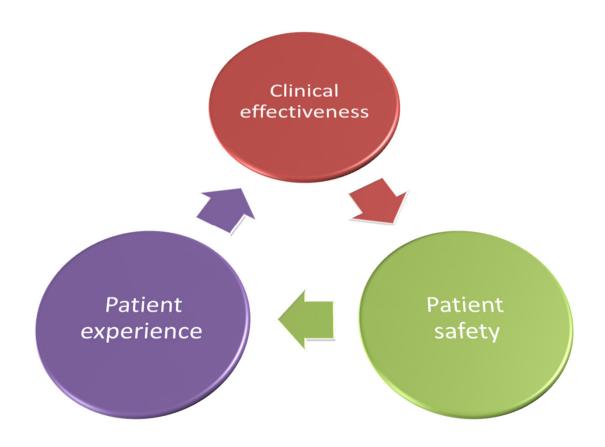
STEROID OVERUSE: Audit of steroid use in 1,177 IBD patients in 11 UK national centres1 Audit population¹ Moderate-to-severe patients^{1,2} 79% in remission or had mild disease 100 Crohn's disease ■ Ulcerative colitis 18.5% had moderate disease p=0.003• 2.5% had severe disease 76% 80 48% CD 49% UC 58% 60 14% of IBD patients had steroid exposure 42% 40 above ECCO recommendations¹ (>2 steroid courses within the preceding 12 months; OR 27% disease flare on steroid withdrawal or within 20 3 months of stopping) 42/101 77/101 36/135 78/135 0Steroid exposure **Steroid exposure** above ECCO recommendations

Figures adapted from 1. Raine T, et al. Presented at the 11th Congress of the European Crohn's and Colitis Organisation, 16–19 March 2016, Amsterdam, the Netherlands: DOP037; 2. Personal communication from Dr Raine. ECCO, European Crohn's and Colitis Organisation.

New concepts in organization of medical care

important steps to improve 'quality of care'

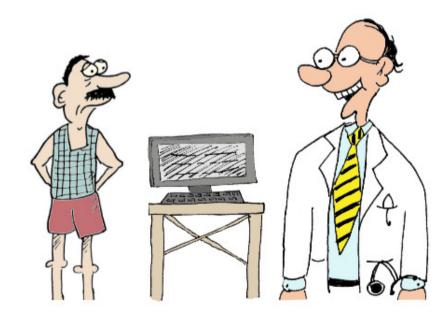
What is quality of care?



Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Know when you have achieved your target.... and when you haven't....

DIARRHOEA FIVE TIMES A DAY, CRP IS -NOT BAD FOR YOU - KEEP GOING WITH THE WONDERIXIMAB - SEE YOU IN A YEAR



Tight monitoring and disease control for better outcomes Evidence for a treat to target approach in other conditions

T2T is well established in clinical practice

Diabetes^{1,2}

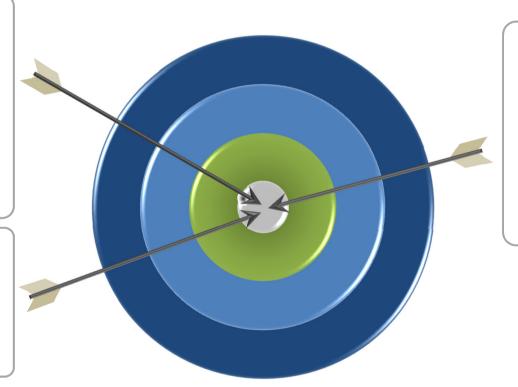
HbA1c < 7%

(more or less stringent goals may be appropriate for individual patients)

Hypertension^{3,4}

BP <140/90 mmHg

(in most hypertensive patients)



Dyslipidaemia^{5*}

LDL-C <3 mmol/L (low/moderate CV risk patients), <2.6 mmol/L (high CV risk patients), <1.8 mmol/L (very

*2013 AHA/ACC guideline on blood cholesterol made no recommendations for specific LDL-cholesterol or non-HDL targets. Stone NJ, et al. Circulation 2013.

high CV risk patients)

BP, blood pressure; HbA1c, glycated haemoglobin; LDL-C, Low-density lipoprotein cholesterol

- 1. ADA. Diabetes Care 2017;40(Suppl 1);S1-S132; 2. ESC. Eur Heart J 2013;34:3035-87; 3. Mancia G et al. J Hypertens. 2013;31:1281–1357;
- **4.** James PA et al. JAMA. 2014;311:507–520; **5.** Catapano AL, et al. European Heart Journal 2016;37:2999–3058.

Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Know when you have achieved your target....

And monitor to ensure you continue to achieve it

BAD ENOUGH TO HAVE OUR BEST AND MOST EXPENSIVE TREATMENT. I WON'T NEED TO SEE YOU AGAIN FOR A YEAR



Blood tests

Faecal calprotectin

Imaging

Endoscopy

Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Know when you have not achieved your target....

Why do we miss our therapeutic target?

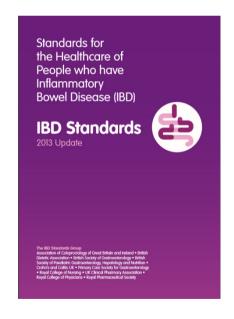
- Waiting too long before commencing effective therapy
- Continuing a therapy that isn't working
- Missing the opportunity to optimize therapy
- Treating the wrong problem



Settling for second best: accepting 'I feel fine'

Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Ensure appropriate governance and audit to recognised standards



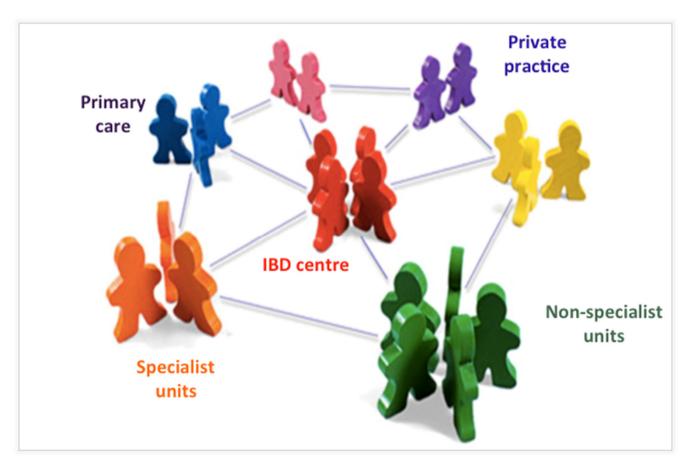






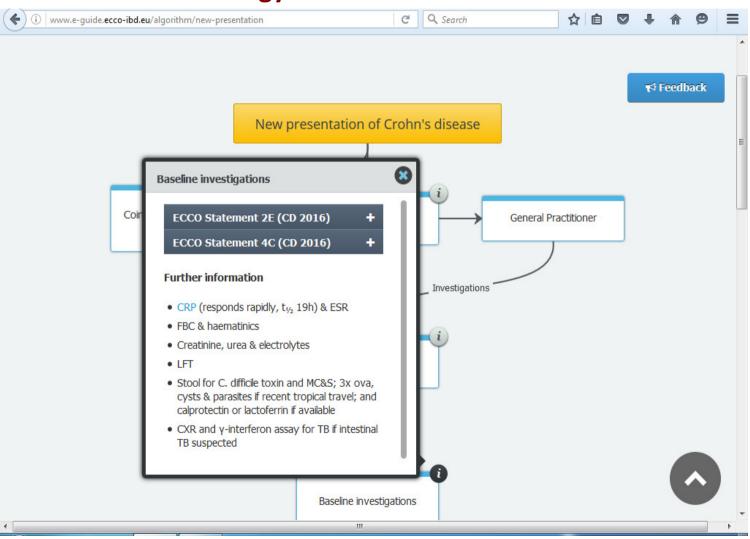
Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Organise functional networks to deliver care over a region:



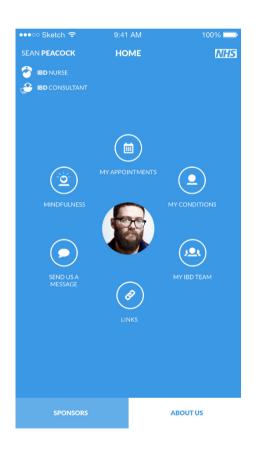
Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Make the most of technology



Steps to improve 'quality of care'

Make the most of technology







IBD care in the 21st century

The new concepts...

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- ...in the evolving therapeutic landscape
- ...in organization of medical care
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